

HPC User Environment

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22.03.2010

- IDEs
 - eclipse
 - sunstudio
 - kdevelop
- (highlighting) Text editors
 - kate
 - gedit
 - nedit
 - gvim
 - ...
- make
- Debuggers
 - TotalView
 - idb
 - ...

“smart” utility to manage compilation of programs and much more

- automatically detects which parts need to be rebuild
- general rules for compilation of many files
- dependencies between files can be handled

Usage:

`make <target>` or `gmake <target>`

looks for default makefiles:

- GNUmakefile
- makefile
- Makefile

Rules:

```
target ... : prerequisites ...  
    < tab > command  
    < tab > ...
```

target: output file (or only a name)

prerequisites: input files (e.g. source code files)

command: action to be performed

Example:

```
jacobi.exe: jacobi.c main.c  
    < tab > gcc jacobi.c main.c -o jacobi.exe
```

Setting Variables:

1. environment Variables
2. setting variables in the Makefile

CC = gcc

CFLAGS = -m64 -O3

3. as argument to make

\$ make jacobi.exe CC=icc

Using Variables:

<tab> \$(CC) \$(CFLAGS) helloworld.c -o helloworld.exe

Recursive Expanded:

```
a = $(b) world!
b = Hello
```

```
print:
<tab> echo $(a)
```

```
echo Hello world!
Hello world!
```

expand:

```
SRC = jacobi.c
SRC += main.c
```

if unset:

```
CC ?= gcc
```

Simply Expanded:

```
a := $(b) world!
b := Hello
```

```
print:
<tab> echo $(a)
```

```
echo world!
world!
```

```
# same as SRC = jacobi.c main.c
```

implicit Variables:

<code>\$@</code>	file name of target
<code>\$<</code>	name of the first prerequisite
<code>\$^</code>	list of all prerequisites

Example:

```
CFLAGS = -g $(FLAGS_FAST)
```

```
SRC = jacobi.c
```

```
SRC += main.c
```

```
jacobi.exe: $(SRC)
```

```
< tab > $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $^ -lm -o $@
```

Implicit rules:

`%.o : %.c`

`< tab > $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) $< -o $@`

Example:

`CFLAGS = -g $(FLAGS_FAST)`

`OBJS = jacobi.o main.o`

`jacobi.exe: $(OBJS)`

`< tab > $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $^ -lm -o $@`

`%.o: %.c`

`< tab > $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) $< -o $@`

Phony Targets: name for an commando without associated file

.PHONY: clean build

build: jacobi.exe

clean:

< tab > rm jacobi.exe

< tab > rm jacobi.o main.o

Errors stop further execution per default.

Ignore returned errors with ‘-’

clean:

< tab > -rm jacobi.exe

< tab > -rm jacobi.o main.o

Suppress printing the command with ‘@’

print:

<tab> echo Hello World!

\$ make print

echo Hello World!

Hello World!

print:

<tab> @echo Hello World!

\$ make print

Hello World!

The first target in the makefile is the default target.

Example:

```
CFLAGS = -g $(FLAGS_FAST)
```

```
OBJS = jacobi.o main.o
```

help:

```
< tab > @echo Use "make build" to build jacobi.exe.
```

```
< tab > @echo Use "make clean" to delete jacobi.exe and all object files.
```

```
build: jacobi.exe
```

```
jacobi.exe: $(OBJS)
```

```
< tab > $(CC) $(CFLAGS) $^ -lm -o $@
```

```
%.o: %.c
```

```
< tab > $(CC) -c $(CFLAGS) $< -o $@
```

\$ make

Use “make build” to build jacobi.exe.

Use “make clean” to delete jacobi.exe and all object files.

Include other files:

`include <filenames>`

e.g.: Used to handle sets of variables specified in other files.

Different files for different compilers or platforms.

Conditions:

ifeq (var1,var2)

text-if-true

else

text-if-false

endif

Example:

ifeq (\$(CC),gcc)

OPENMP = -fopenmp

else

OPENMP = -openmp

endif

Use `$FLAGS_OPENMP` on our cluster, set from the module system.

Useful command line options:

- `make target1 target2` : build target1 and target2
- `make -n` : prints commands which would be executed, but does not execute them
- `make -j <njobs>` : start <njobs> builds in parallel if possible
- `make -C <dir>` : change to <dir> before reading the makefile
- `make -f <file>` : use <file> as makefile

HPC Program development tips

What are the goals and characteristics of a particular HPC project?

Typical HPC project features:

- (very) long-life time

- portability and

- maintainability and

- efficiency (on available hardware) needed

At the very beginning think about:

- Will the code be parallelized and to which extent?
- What are and will be the target platforms?
- Choose well-established parallelization paradigm (MPI/OpenMP).
- Choose adequate and well-established language (C/C++/F).
- Use Tools from the very beginning on
Debugger/ Correctness Checker/ Performance Tools.

If you need advice: servicedesk@rz.rwth-aachen.de

- Virtual Machine is copied on the Laptops
- provides a cluster like environment

Differences:

- modules not useful installed
- Oracle Compiler is default
- Oracle MPI is default

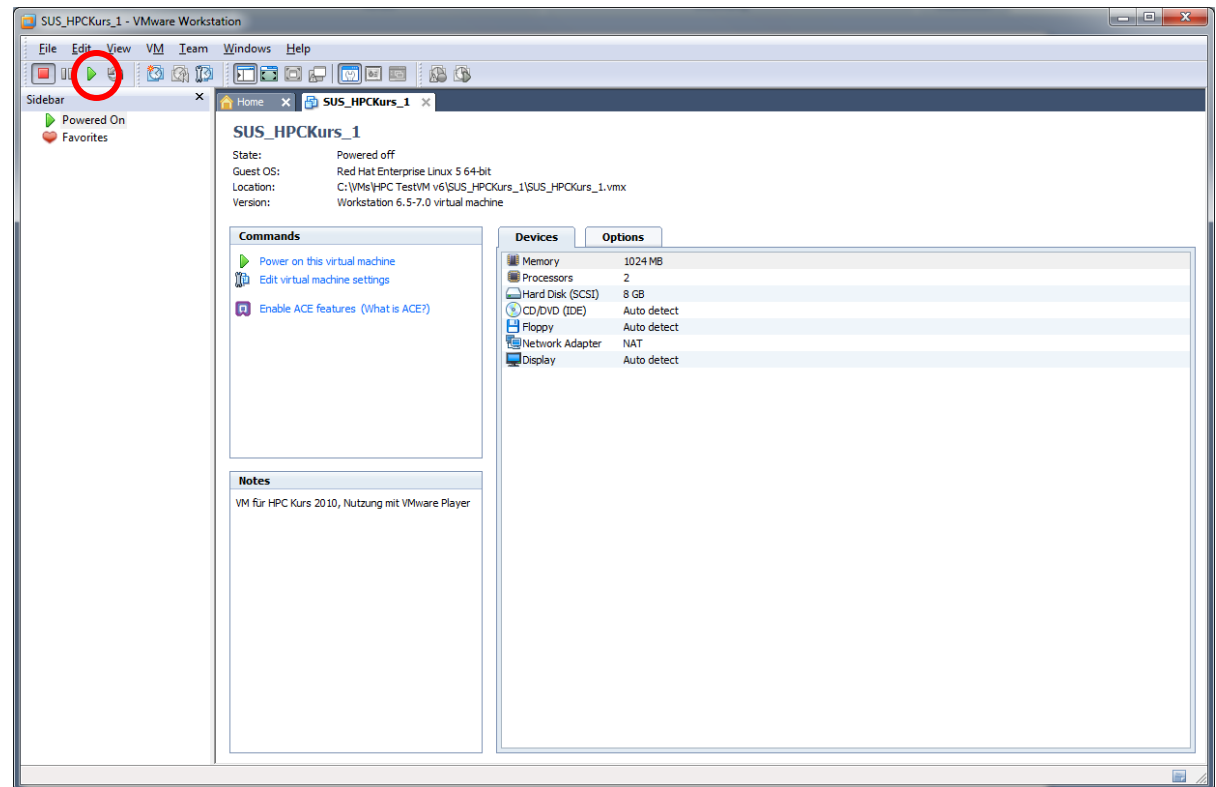
Feature:

- shared folder between VM and Windows

/mnt/hgfs/SharedFolder is C:\SharedFolder

Virtual Machine

- start VMware Workstation
- click „power on this Virtual Machine“
- user: hpclab
- pw: will be on the board



The end

Thank you for your attention!

Questions?